



**PG-003-001658**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Sc. (Forensic Science) (Sem. VI) (CBCS) Examination**

**July - 2018**

**FS - 602 : Ballistic & Explosive**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 001658**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) This question paper contains three questions. All are compulsory.  
(2) Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.  
(3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

- 1** Give the answers of following questions : **20**
- (1) Define forensic ballistic.
  - (2) Define action block.
  - (3) Define barrel.
  - (4) Drawbacks of matchlock gun.
  - (5) Classify the firearms on the basis of loading characteristics.
  - (6) Define Trigger pull,
  - (7) The change in diameter of barrel at muzzle end is called as \_\_\_\_\_
  - (8) Define trigger guard.
  - (9) The reduction of 1 mm diameter of barrel is called as \_\_\_\_\_
  - (10) In which type of cartridge, firing pin is struck on the hollow ring?
  - (11) Which component is used for shock absorber or compress to provide cushioning effect under pressure in shotgun cartridge?

- (12) Composition of semi smokeless powder.
- (13) Type of smooth bore projectile.
- (14) Full form of EDXRF.
- (15) Which bullet starts fire on striking the target?
- (16) Full name of BDAS.
- (17) GSR distribution depends on \_\_\_\_\_
- (18) Give the example of explosive.
- (19) Brass trax is used in IBIS to capture images of \_\_\_\_\_
- (20) Full name of LEA which relates to IBIS.

**2** Give the answers of following questions as per instructions :

(A) Write any **three** out of six : **6**

- (1) Composition of cordite and ballistite
- (2) Tracer bullet
- (3) Define: Ramrod and sear
- (4) Define : bore and caliber
- (5) What is choking and types of choking according to degree of choking?
- (6) Define : Twist and pitch

(B) Write any **three** out of six : **9**

- (1) Explain : flint lock gun and muzzle loader
- (2) Classification of modern fire arms
- (3) Explain the barrel of rifled fire arm.
- (4) Types of cartridge case on the basis of the base configuration of cartridge case.
- (5) Chamber and action block of shot gun.
- (6) Explain the various techniques to introduce the rifling in the barrel.

(C) Write any **two** out of five : **10**

- (1) Write a note on choking.
- (2) Explain any five parts of shot gun fire arm.
- (3) Write a note on barrel of rifled fire arm and techniques to introduce the rifling.
- (4) Classification of bullet
- (5) History of fire arm.

- 3** Give the answers of following questions as per instructions :
- (A) Write any **three** out of six : **6**
- (1) Parameters to be measured in BIDAS.
  - (2) Where the GSR is found commonly?
  - (3) What is barrel time and ignition time?
  - (4) Explain vibration and jump.
  - (5) What is ricochet and base drag?
  - (6) What is sectional density of projectile?
- (B) Write any **three** out of six : **9**
- (1) Characteristics of entry wound of fire arm injury.
  - (2) Wet methods for the collection of GSR.
  - (3) Explain heat problems observed during the study of internal ballistic.
  - (4) Explain measurement and miscellaneous facts about recoil.
  - (5) Explain vacuum trajectory and list out those parameters which are used to determine the trajectory.
  - (6) Explain the types of bullets on the basis of ogive shape.
- (C) Write any **two** out of five : **10**
- (1) Determination of range of fire on the basis of characteristics of entry wound of rifled firearm injury.
  - (2) Marks observed on fired cartridge case.
  - (3) Write a note on IBIS.
  - (4) Instrumental methods used for the analysis of GSR.
  - (5) Give only equation for range, vertex height, Drop, angle of fall and remaining velocity.
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