



**PF-003-001636**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Sc. (Biochemistry) (Sem. VI) (CBCS) Examination**

**July - 2018**

**Human Physiology & Clinical  
Biochemistry : Paper - 601**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 001636**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 Answer the following questions in just one or two lines : 20

- (1) What is thrombocytopenia?
- (2) Define stem cells.
- (3) What elements make up blood?
- (4) Give difference between plasma and serum.
- (5) Name accessory organs of digestive system.
- (6) What is the function of portal vein?
- (7) Name the major salivary glands in human.
- (8) What is mastication?
- (9) Define respiration.
- (10) What is internal and external phase of respiration?
- (11) What is plasma clearance test?
- (12) Which vessels carry and drain blood from kidneys?
- (13) Write structural classification of neurons
- (14) What is myelin? Write its physiological role.
- (15) Which peptide neurotransmitter is also known as a pain killer peptide?
- (16) What is closed circulation?
- (17) Define Quality control
- (18) How is Cerebro spinal fluid collected?
- (19) State Normal values of SGPT and SGOT
- (20) Define Jaundice.

- 2 (A) Answer any **three** of the following questions : **6**
- (1) Short note: Universal donor.
  - (2) List the functions of saliva in the digestion process.
  - (3) Write a note on Haldane effect.
  - (4) Differentiate between cortical and juxtamedullary nephron.
  - (5) Write a brief description about different types of glial cells present in CNS and their functions.
  - (6) State tests carried out for routine Liver Function test.
- (B) Answer any **three** of the following questions : **9**
- (1) Write a short note on plasma proteins.
  - (2) Write a short note on gastric gland.
  - (3) Discuss chloride shift in brief.
  - (4) Discuss renal failure briefly.
  - (5) Write a short note on neurotransmitter criteria used to identify and classify any substance as a neurotransmitter.
  - (6) Define and give importance of clinical enzymology.
- (C) Answer any **two** of the following questions : **10**
- (1) Give detailed account of erythropoiesis and enumerate factors affecting it.
  - (2) Write a short note on process of digestion and absorption of fat in human GIT.
  - (3) Give an account of diffusion of respiratory gases based on partial pressure and factors affecting diffusing capacity.
  - (4) Discuss Pulmonary and systemic circulation in detail.
  - (5) Give clinical significance of any 3 serum enzymes.

- 3** (A) Answer any **three** of the following questions : **6**
- (1) Give clinical significance of hematocrit value.
  - (2) Give composition of bile.
  - (3) Mention structures forming upper respiratory tract.
  - (4) What is ECG? Give its importance.
  - (5) Name the gaseous neurotransmitters that can't be stored in to vesicles and are being produced when the neuron is stimulated?
  - (6) What do you understand by Reference Value?
- (B) Answer any **three** of the following questions : **9**
- (1) Describe abnormal hemoglobin derivatives.
  - (2) Write chemical composition and functions of a gastric juice.
  - (3) Describe juxtaglomerular apparatus and its function.
  - (4) Write a short note on hypertension.
  - (5) Write a brief note on organization of nervous system.
  - (6) Enlist different types of analyzers used in clinical laboratory.
- (C) Answer Any **two** of the following questions : **10**
- (1) Give a detailed account on extrinsic mechanism of blood coagulation.
  - (2) Draw a labeled diagram of human digestive system.
  - (3) Describe glomerular filtration process of urine formation and mention factors affecting GFR.
  - (4) Discuss different stages involved in nerve impulse conduction.
  - (5) Write an essay on steps involved in automated systems in clinical laboratory.